U.S. Department of Commerce
National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration

Privacy Threshold Analysis
for the
NOAA4500 – West Coast Region (WCR) Network
U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Threshold Analysis

NOAA4500 – West Coast Region (WCR) Network

Unique Project Identifier: NOAA4500

Introduction: This Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) is a questionnaire to assist with determining if a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is necessary for this IT system. This PTA is primarily based from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) privacy guidance and the Department of Commerce (DOC) IT security/privacy policy. If questions arise or further guidance is needed in order to complete this PTA, please contact your Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO).

Description of the information system and its purpose: Provide a general description (in a way that a non-technical person can understand) of the information system that addresses the following elements:

The E-Government Act of 2002 defines “information system” by reference to the definition section of Title 44 of the United States Code. The following is a summary of the definition: “Information system” means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information. See: 44. U.S.C. § 3502(8).

a) Whether it is a general support system, major application, or other type of system

The West Coast Region (WCR) of NOAA fisheries is a General support system

b) System location

Seattle, WA
Portland, OR,
Sacramento, CA
Arcata, CA
Long Beach, CA
Boise, ID
Santa Rosa, CA

c) Whether it is a standalone system or interconnects with other systems (identifying and describing any other systems to which it interconnects)

The Information System is interconnected with the NMFS Enterprise Wide Area Network (NOAA4000)

d) The purpose that the system is designed to serve
The purpose of the NOAA4500 Information System is to provide access to automated systems typically found in administrative offices within the federal government.

We work to conserve, protect, and manage salmon and marine mammals under the Endangered Species Act and the Marine Mammal Protection Act, and sustainably manage West Coast fisheries as guided by the Magnuson-Stevens Conservation Act.

e) The way the system operates to achieve the purpose

To achieve this missions and advance sound stewardship of these resources, we work closely with tribes, local, state and federal agencies, our stakeholders, and partners to find science-based solutions to complex ecological issues.

f) A general description of the type of information collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the system

Authorizations and Permits for Protected Species (APPS)
The PII/BII collected by the IT system is from federal and state employees, members of the public, and employees/members of Tribal Nations. The information is used to verify that the individual has the necessary qualifications to conduct research on protected species. Applicants provide a curriculum vitae or resume documenting their academic and/or work related experience with the methods and procedures they plan to use on protected species.

NOAA4500 System Maintenance Information and COOP PII
Federal and Contractor Employee data:
Names, addresses, and email addresses collected from employees and contractors are used to manage account information for access control to systems and web applications.

Names and work email addresses of employees and contractors are used to direct the public to appropriate personnel within the organization.

For emergency, disaster recovery, and continuity of operations, employee and contractor names, work and home emails and work and home telephone numbers are collected.

NOAA4500 will be voluntarily collecting home addresses in order to create GIS maps of staff impacted in the event of a catastrophic situation. This information will be used for accountability as it relates to protection and safe being.

PII in the form of addresses, will be voluntarily collected from Employees, contractors, and affiliates working for the WCR. The information will be provided via a Google Apps for Government Google Form. Results of these surveys will be locked down to only authorized federal employees and will not be shared. The data is then exported to a .csv file to be stored on
the GIS shared drives. The .csv is imported into ArcGIS online and a layer is created. Once supervisory personnel have been notified of affected staff, the layer is deleted. No layers will be saved.

--------------------------------------------

eDiscovery Application
The information is used in the review process, in which approved users redact the scanned documents before it is released to the requestor. The application does not actually save the data; it only saves the metadata or pointers to the scanned document.
g) **Identify individuals who have access to information on the system**

| Authorization and Permits for Protected Species (APPS): Authorized Federal Employees and contractors that access the system with username and password. |
| NOAA4500 System Maintenance Information and COOP PII: WCR IT Staff only and Authorized GIS specialists for disaster reporting |
| eDiscovery Application: Authorized Federal Employees and contractors that access the system with username and password |

h) **How information in the system is retrieved by the user**

| Authorizations and Permits for Protected Species (APPS): The web based system contains applications for permits required by the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) and the Endangered Species Act (ESA). Researchers use the system to submit an application which contain PII (employment and education information) prior to receiving a scientific research permit. Information collected is not shared outside of NOAA4500. NOAA Fisheries protects PII stored in APPS by minimizing the use and collection of PII. NOAA Fisheries also protects PII stored in APPS by controlling access to the information. APPS requires users to authenticate their identity by entering a username and password. |
| eDiscovery Application: The eDiscovery Platform system is a web-based application used to simplify agency response to Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests, aid in the processing Administrative Records (AR), and to a lesser extent, Congressional Inquiries and Legal Holds. The system serves as a single point for the collection, review, tagging, redaction and export of responsive records. The Information System protects PII stored in the eDiscovery Application by minimizing the use and collection of PII. The Information System also protects PII stored in APPS by controlling access to the information. The eDiscovery Application requires users to authenticate their identity by entering a username and password. |

i) **How information is transmitted to and from the system**

| NOAA4500 System Maintenance Information and COOP PII: NOAA4500 utilizes Data Resource Accounts and Group Memberships to allow authorized staff to access NOAA4500 Data which may contain PII or BII. Computer account types include, but are not limited to, Domain Accounts, Email/LDAP Accounts, Unix Accounts, Intranet Accounts, and Local System Accounts. Group memberships are used to assign Security Access Levels to authorized Data Resource Accounts. NOAA4500 applies Least Privilege and Least Functionality principles when providing security clearance. Access Enforcement Mechanisms (Encryption-at-Rest, Encryption-in-
Transit, Distributed Directory Services) are implemented to prevent malicious or accidental access by unauthorized persons.

Questionnaire:

1. Status of the Information System

1a. What is the status of this information system?

___ This is a new information system. *Continue to answer questions and complete certification.*

___ This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks. *Complete chart below, continue to answer questions, and complete certification.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Changes That Create New Privacy Risks (CTCNPR)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Conversions</td>
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<td>b. Anonymous to Non-Anonymous</td>
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<tr>
<td>c. Significant System Management Changes</td>
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<tr>
<td>j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify):</td>
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___ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. *Continue to answer questions and complete certification.*

___ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment (version 01-2015 or 01-2017). *Continue to answer questions and complete certification.*

x___ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment (version 01-2019 or later). *Skip questions and complete certification.*

1b. Has an IT Compliance in Acquisitions Checklist been completed with the appropriate signatures?

___ Yes. This is a new information system.

___ Yes. This is an existing information system for which an amended contract is needed.

___ No. The IT Compliance in Acquisitions Checklist is not required for the acquisition of equipment for specialized Research and Development or scientific purposes that
are not a National Security System.

x  No. This is not a new information system.

2. Is the IT system or its information used to support any activity which may raise privacy concerns?

NIST Special Publication 800-53 Revision 4, Appendix J, states “Organizations may also engage in activities that do not involve the collection and use of PII but may nevertheless raise privacy concerns and associated risk. The privacy controls are equally applicable to those activities and can be used to analyze the privacy risk and mitigate such risk when necessary.” Examples include, but are not limited to, audio recordings, video surveillance, building entry readers, and electronic purchase transactions.

___ Yes. (Check all that apply.)

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<tr>
<th>Activities</th>
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<tr>
<td>Audio recordings</td>
<td>Building entry readers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Video surveillance</td>
<td>Electronic purchase transactions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other (specify):</td>
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x  No.

3. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate business identifiable information (BII)?

As per DOC Privacy Policy: “For the purpose of this policy, business identifiable information consists of (a) information that is defined in the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) as "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person [that is] privileged or confidential." (5 U.S.C.552(b)(4)). This information is exempt from automatic release under the (b)(4) FOIA exemption. "Commercial" is not confined to records that reveal basic commercial operations" but includes any records [or information] in which the submitter has a commercial interest” and can include information submitted by a nonprofit entity, or (b) commercial or other information that, although it may not be exempt from release under FOIA, is exempt from disclosure by law (e.g., 13 U.S.C.).”

x  Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates BII.

___ No, this IT system does not collect any BII.

4. Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

4a. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII?

As per OMB 17-12: “The term PII refers to information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual’s identity either alone or when combined with other information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual.”

x  Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about: (Check all that apply.)

x  DOC employees

___ Contractors working on behalf of DOC

x  Other Federal Government personnel
Members of the public

No, this IT system does not collect any PII.

If the answer is “yes” to question 4a, please respond to the following questions.

4b. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate Social Security numbers (SSNs), including truncated form?

Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates SSNs, including truncated form.

Provide an explanation for the business need requiring the collection of SSNs, including truncated form.

Provide the legal authority which permits the collection of SSNs, including truncated form.

No, the IT system does not collect, maintain, or disseminate SSNs, including truncated form.

4c. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII other than user ID?

Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII other than user ID.

No, the user ID is the only PII collected, maintained, or disseminated by the IT system.

4d. Will the purpose for which the PII is collected, stored, used, processed, disclosed, or disseminated (context of use) cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level?

Examples of context of use include, but are not limited to, law enforcement investigations, administration of benefits, contagious disease treatments, etc.

Yes, the context of use will cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.

No, the context of use will not cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.
If any of the answers to questions 2, 3, 4b, 4c, and/or 4d are “Yes,” a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) must be completed for the IT system. This PTA and the SAOP approved PIA must be a part of the IT system’s Assessment and Authorization Package.
CERTIFICATION

x I certify the criteria implied by one or more of the questions above apply to the NOAA4500 – WCR Network and as a consequence of this applicability, I will perform and document a PIA for this IT system.

I certify the criteria implied by the questions above do not apply to the [IT SYSTEM NAME] and as a consequence of this non-applicability, a PIA for this IT system is not necessary.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information System Security Officer or System Owner</th>
<th>Information Technology Security Officer</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Privacy Act Officer</th>
<th>Authorizing Official</th>
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<tr>
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Date signed: 07/20/2021
Date signed: 07/28/2021
Date signed: 7/28/2021
Date signed: July 23, 2021

Date signed: 7.28.21