

U.S. Department of Commerce Office of the Secretary



Privacy Impact Assessment for ComprizonSuite (C.Suite)

Reviewed by: Michael Toland, Office of the Secretary (OS) Privacy Officer

**MICHAEL
TOLAND**
Digitally signed by MICHAEL TOLAND
DN: c=US, ou=U.S. Government,
ou=Department of Commerce,
ou=Office of the Secretary,
cn=MICHAEL TOLAND,
0.9.2342.19200300.100.1.1=13001000
249566
Date: 2016.08.10 17:38:17 -0400

- Concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer
 Non-concurrence of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

Catrina D. Purvis

Digitally signed by Catrina D. Purvis
DN: cn=Catrina D. Purvis, o=Office of the Secretary, Office of Privacy and Open Government, ou=US
Department of Commerce, email=cpurvis@doc.gov, c=US
Date: 2016.08.11 15:58:11 -0400

Signature of Senior Agency Official for Privacy/DOC Chief Privacy Officer

Date

**U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Impact Assessment
Office of Acquisition Management
ComprizonSuite (C. Suite)**

Unique Project Identifier: An EAS OS-059 Application

Introduction: System Description

Provide a description of the system that addresses the following elements:

The response must be written in plain language and be as comprehensive as necessary to describe the system.

(a) a general description of the information in the system

The Department of Commerce (DOC) supports its acquisition mission and objectives by utilizing a Commercial Off-The-Shelf (COTS) product named ComprizonSuite (C.Suite). C.Suite integrates and streamlines the entire acquisition management process from requisition through contract/purchase to order closeout. C.Suite is platform independent and operates in multiple desktop environments and with J2EE Web/application/database server combinations, which is a web environment J2EE-Java 2 Platform Enterprise Edition. C.Suite consists of two integrated modules. These modules function independently; however, combine seamlessly to manage the entire acquisition process. The modules are Comprizon.Request and Comprizon.Award:

- Comprizon.Request – provides Web requisitioning, routing for review and approvals, support documentation, real-time status checks, and development of acquisition plans; and
- Comprizon.Award – provides automated preparation and management of purchase requests, acquisition plans, solicitations, amendments, contracts, and modifications.

DOC has successfully deployed C.Suite in four of the five bureaus that warrant delegated procurement authority. These include: Office of the Secretary (OS); Bureau of the Census and its Processing Office; National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST); and field and Headquarter offices within the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) is using another COTS solution for their acquisition needs and does not plan to use C.Suite.

(b) a description of a typical transaction conducted on the system

Data is retrieved daily by authorized data access users through a secured data extract point from the System for Award Management (SAM) and stored within C.Suite. The SAM is a government wide system operated and maintained by GSA on behalf of Federal Agencies who use it. SAM consolidates several existing Federal government wide procurement and award support systems into a single database and a single entry point. The Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), is stored on the SAM and is validated by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The TIN could contain a Social Security Number (SSN) as the value if a sole proprietor chose to use their SSN as their TIN when paying taxes and registering to do business with the

government.

(c) any information sharing conducted by the system

C.Suite exchanges data with the Commerce Financial System (CFS) installations at NOAA, NIST and Census, through the Obligation and Requisition System Interface (ORSI). ORSI uses Enterprise Application Interface (EAI) technology to standardize and transfer information among the systems. The CFS and elements of ORSI are part of the Commerce Business Systems (CBS) suite of financial applications, while C.Suite and remaining elements of ORSI, and are part of the Commerce Business Environment (CBE) suite of procurement applications. C. Suite also sends data in an XML (Extensible Markup Language) file to the Federal Procurement Data System - Next Generation (FPDS-NG) for public reporting requirements.

DOC operates and manages C.Suite in two locations. DOC currently houses the OS, NOAA and Census C.Suite installations at the Department of Transportation's Enterprise Service Center (ESC) in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. The Commerce Service Center (CSC) provides C.Suite application-level support and ESC provides the required hosting environment support through an Service Level Agreement (SLA) with CSC. NIST operates and maintains a separate instance of C.Suite at their Gaithersburg, Maryland facility.

Numerous private organizations share their data and this information would be included in this application. Those organizations include any company choosing to conduct business with the government. Not all are those companies are selected to do business.

(d) a citation of the legal authority to collect PII and/or BII

The authority for the maintenance of the system is 28 U.S.C. 3101–3105, Debt Collection Act of 1982 (Pub. L. 97–365); 26 U.S.C. 6402(d); and 31 U.S.C. 3711. The information collected is used to perform agency acquisition, grants management, or financial management functions throughout the business lifecycle.

Data from SAM is maintained in the C.Suite database and is updated as required by the FAR, or more often as needed. The data is kept in perpetuity. At the point when C.Suite is disposed, C.Suite will follow all procedures as defined by the Department of Transportation's Enterprise Service Center (ESC) in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma for disposal of data.

(e) the Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for the system

C.Suite is one of three applications within the Enterprise Applications Systems (EAS) OS-059 environment, which collects, maintains, or disseminates PII and/or BII. The system is categorized as MODERATE.

Section 1: Status of the Information System

1.1 Indicate whether the information system is a new or existing system.

- This is a new information system.
- This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks.
(Check all that apply.)

Changes That Create New Privacy Risks (CTCNPR)					
a. Conversions		d. Significant Merging		g. New Interagency Uses	
b. Anonymous to Non-Anonymous		e. New Public Access		h. Internal Flow or Collection	
c. Significant System Management Changes		f. Commercial Sources		i. Alteration in Character of Data	
j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify):					

- This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks.

Section 2: Information in the System

2.1 Indicate what personally identifiable information (PII)/business identifiable information (BII) is collected, maintained, or disseminated. (Check all that apply.)

Identifying Numbers (IN)					
a. Social Security*		e. File/Case ID		i. Credit Card	
b. Taxpayer ID	X	f. Driver's License		j. Financial Account	X
c. Employer ID		g. Passport		k. Financial Transaction	X
d. Employee ID		h. Alien Registration		l. Vehicle Identifier	
m. Other identifying numbers (specify):					
*					

General Personal Data (GPD)					
a. Name	X	g. Date of Birth		m. Religion	
b. Maiden Name		h. Place of Birth		n. Financial Information	
c. Alias		i. Home Address	X	o. Medical Information	
d. Gender		j. Telephone Number	X	p. Military Service	
e. Age		k. Email Address		q. Physical Characteristics	
f. Race/Ethnicity		l. Education		r. Mother's Maiden Name	
s. Other general personal data (specify):					

Work-Related Data (WRD)

a. Occupation	X	d. Telephone Number	X	g. Salary	
b. Job Title	X	e. Email Address	X	h. Work History	
c. Work Address	X	f. Business Associates			
i. Other work-related data (specify):					

Distinguishing Features/Biometrics (DFB)					
a. Fingerprints		d. Photographs		g. DNA Profiles	
b. Palm Prints		e. Scars, Marks, Tattoos		h. Retina/Iris Scans	
c. Voice Recording/Signatures		f. Vascular Scan		i. Dental Profile	
j. Other distinguishing features/biometrics (specify):					

System Administration/Audit Data (SAAD)					
a. User ID	X	c. Date/Time of Access	X	e. ID Files Accessed	
b. IP Address		d. Queries Run		f. Contents of Files	
g. Other system administration/audit data (specify):					

Other Information (specify)					

2.2 Indicate sources of the PII/BII in the system. *(Check all that apply.)*

Directly from Individual about Whom the Information Pertains					
In Person		Hard Copy: Mail/Fax		Online	X
Telephone		Email			
Other (specify):					

Government Sources					
Within the Bureau	X	Other DOC Bureaus	X	Other Federal Agencies	X
State, Local, Tribal		Foreign			
Other (specify):					

Non-government Sources					
Public Organizations		Private Sector	X	Commercial Data Brokers	
Third Party Website or Application					
Other (specify):					

2.3 Indicate the technologies used that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deployed. *(Check all that apply.)*

Technologies Used Containing PII/BII Not Previously Deployed (TUCPBNPD)					
Smart Cards		Biometrics			

Caller-ID		Personal Identity Verification (PIV) Cards	
Other (specify):			

X	There are not any technologies used that contain PII/BII in ways that have not been previously deployed.		
---	--	--	--

Section 3: System Supported Activities

3.1 Indicate IT system supported activities which raise privacy risks/concerns. *(Check all that apply.)*

Activities			
Audio recordings		Building entry readers	
Video surveillance		Electronic purchase transactions	
Other (specify):			

X	There are not any IT system supported activities which raise privacy risks/concerns.		
---	--	--	--

Section 4: Purpose of the System

4.1 Indicate why the PII/BII in the IT system is being collected, maintained, or disseminated. *(Check all that apply.)*

Purpose			
To determine eligibility		For administering human resources programs	
For administrative matters	X	To promote information sharing initiatives	
For litigation		For criminal law enforcement activities	
For civil enforcement activities		For intelligence activities	
To improve Federal services online		For employee or customer satisfaction	
For web measurement and customization technologies (single-session)		For web measurement and customization technologies (multi-session)	
Other (specify): The eligibility determines Financial Awards.			

Section 5: Use of the Information

5.1 In the context of functional areas (business processes, missions, operations, etc.) supported by the IT system, describe how the PII/BII that is collected, maintained, or disseminated will be used. Indicate if the PII/BII identified in Section 2.1 of this document is in reference to a federal employee/contractor, member of the public, foreign national, visitor or other (specify).

Information is collected in the System for Award Management (SAM) and then passed to C. Suite for financial and business decisions. Any individual or company wishing to do business with the Federal Government must submit information into SAM to be considered for a contact or award. Any notification regarding use, collection, review, or updates to PII/BII is delivered by the SAM application. C. Suite is updated on a daily basis with the applicable data from SAM. No individual or company has access to their information in C. Suite. Information is required as part of the federal acquisition process for services, goods, and materials provided by the vendor community to the Federal Government. Having the correct Tax Identification Number (TIN) in System for Award Management (SAM) improves data collection by allowing a single point of data entry for any person or firm who wants to conduct business with the Federal Government. The SAM web application is used by various departments and bureaus across the Federal Government. Since October 1, 2003, it is federally mandated that any person or firm wishing to conduct business with the Federal Government under a FAR-based contract must be registered in SAM before being awarded a contract [Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) policy FAR 4.1102 (October 1, 2003), and Federal Acquisition Circular (FAC) 2001-16]. In addition, this information is used in the DoC's Core Financial System to make timely payments to these vendors for their services and materials. DOC uses the information for the acquisition of and payment for goods and services by NOAA, Census, OS and NIST to support their respective missions. DOC shares this data as required by the Federal Acquisition *Regulation (FAR)*.

Section 6: Information Sharing and Access

6.1 Indicate with whom the bureau intends to share the PII/BII in the IT system and how the PII/BII will be shared. *(Check all that apply.)*

Recipient	How Information will be Shared		
	Case-by-Case	Bulk Transfer	Direct Access
Within the bureau	X		
DOC bureaus	X		
Federal agencies	X		
State, local, tribal gov't agencies			
Public			
Private sector			
Foreign governments			
Foreign entities			
Other (specify):			

<input type="checkbox"/>	The PII/BII in the system will not be shared.
--------------------------	---

6.2 Indicate whether the IT system connects with or receives information from any other IT systems authorized to process PII and/or BII.

X	Yes, this IT system connects with or receives information from another IT system(s) authorized to process PII and/or BII. Provide the name of the IT system and describe the technical controls which prevent PII/BII leakage: C.Suite receives the PII/BII information from the System for Award Management (SAM). C.Suite exchanges data with the Commerce Financial System (CFS) installations at NOAA, NIST and Census, through the Obligation and Requisition System Interface (ORSI). ORSI uses Enterprise Application
---	---

	Interface (EAI) technology to standardize and transfer information among the systems. C. Suite also sends data in an XML file to the Federal Procurement Data System - Next Generation (FPDS-NG) for public reporting requirements.
	No, this IT system does not connect with or receive information from another IT system(s) authorized to process PII and/or BII.

6.3 Identify the class of users who will have access to the IT system and the PII/BII. *(Check all that apply.)*

Class of Users			
General Public		Government Employees	X
Contractors	X		
Other (specify):			

Section 7: Notice and Consent

7.1 Indicate whether individuals will be notified if their PII/BII is collected, maintained, or disseminated by the system. *(Check all that apply.)*

X	Yes, notice is provided pursuant to a system of records notice published in the Federal Register and discussed in Section 9.	
	Yes, notice is provided by a Privacy Act statement and/or privacy policy. The Privacy Act statement and/or privacy policy can be found at: _____.	
X	Yes, notice is provided by other means.	Specify how: Notice of the collection, maintenance and dissemination of PII/BII is provided when the users enter their information in System for Award Management (SAM). Every department of the Federal Government pulls information from this system for payment and awards. C. Suite uses the data received from SAM to process payments and awards. No individual/company wishing to conduct business with the Department of Commerce has access to their data in C. Suite. They are only able to access their data in SAM.
	No, notice is not provided.	Specify why not:

7.2 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.

	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify how:
X	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to decline to provide PII/BII.	Specify why not: If an individual company would choose to decline to provide PII/BII for SAM they would not be eligible for contract awards. It is Federally mandated that an individual/company wishing to conduct business with the Federal Government under a FAR based contract must be registered in SAM before being awarded the contract. No individual/company wishing to conduct business with the Department of Commerce has access to their data in C. Suite. They are only able to access their data in SAM.

7.3 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.

	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify how:
X	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to consent to particular uses of their PII/BII.	Specify why not: The only use of PII/BII in C.Suite is to process contracts and awards.

7.4 Indicate whether and how individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.

	Yes, individuals have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify how:
X	No, individuals do not have an opportunity to review/update PII/BII pertaining to them.	Specify why not: No individual/company wishing to conduct business with the Department of Commerce has access to their data in C. Suite. Any data that would need to be changed or updated must be updated in SAM.

Section 8: Administrative and Technological Controls

8.1 Indicate the administrative and technological controls for the system. (*Check all that apply.*)

	All users signed a confidentiality agreement or non-disclosure agreement.
X	All users are subject to a Code of Conduct that includes the requirement for confidentiality.
X	Staff (employees and contractors) received training on privacy and confidentiality policies and practices.
X	Access to the PII/BII is restricted to authorized personnel only.
X	Access to the PII/BII is being monitored, tracked, or recorded. Explanation: Date and time of updates to the system table are tracked by an automated audit log.
X	The information is secured in accordance with FISMA requirements. Provide date of most recent Assessment and Authorization (A&A): 8/11/2015 <input type="checkbox"/> This is a new system. The A&A date will be provided when the A&A package is approved.
X	The Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) 199 security impact category for this system is a moderate or higher.
X	NIST Special Publication (SP) 800-122 and NIST SP 800-53 Revision 4 Appendix J recommended security controls for protecting PII/BII are in place and functioning as intended; or have an approved Plan of Action and Milestones (POAM).
X	Contractors that have access to the system are subject to information security provisions in their contracts required by DOC policy.
	Contracts with customers establish ownership rights over data including PII/BII.
	Acceptance of liability for exposure of PII/BII is clearly defined in agreements with customers.
	Other (specify):

8.2 Provide a general description of the technologies used to protect PII/BII on the IT system.

Data is retrieved daily by authorized data access users through a secured data extract point from the System for Award Management (SAM) and stored within C.Suite. The SAM is a government wide system operated and maintained by GSA on behalf of Federal Agencies who use it. SAM consolidates several existing Federal government wide procurement and award support systems into a single database and a single entry point. The Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), is stored in SAM and is validated by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The TIN could contain a Social Security Number (SSN) as the value if a sole proprietor chose to use their SSN as their TIN when paying taxes and registering to do business with the government. The servers are located at DOT/FAA/ESC is maintained by administrators that configure the servers to be in a secure state as part of the service level agreement (SLA) between DOC and DOT/FAA/ESC. In addition, servers are in a physically secure room by specific personnel access, to limit the possibility of unauthorized physical modification or damage.

Section 9: Privacy Act

9.1 Indicate whether a system of records is being created under the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552a. *(A new system of records notice (SORN) is required if the system is not covered by an existing SORN).*

As per the Privacy Act of 1974, "the term 'system of records' means a group of any records under the control of any agency from which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual."

X	Yes, this system is covered by an existing system of records notice (SORN). Provide the SORN name and number <i>(list all that apply)</i> : COMMERCE/DEPT2- Accounts Receivable
	Yes, a SORN has been submitted to the Department for approval on <u>(date)</u> .
	No, a SORN is not being created.

Section 10: Retention of Information

10.1 Indicate whether these records are covered by an approved records control schedule and monitored for compliance. *(Check all that apply.)*

X	There is an approved record control schedule. Provide the name of the record control schedule: General Records Schedules (GRS) 20, Item 3.
	No, there is not an approved record control schedule.

	Provide the stage in which the project is in developing and submitting a records control schedule:
X	Yes, retention is monitored for compliance to the schedule.
	No, retention is not monitored for compliance to the schedule. Provide explanation:

10.2 Indicate the disposal method of the PII/BII. (Check all that apply.)

Disposal			
Shredding		Overwriting	X
Degaussing		Deleting	X
Other (specify):			

Section 11: NIST Special Publication 800-122 PII Confidentiality Impact Levels

11.1 Indicate the potential impact that could result to the subject individuals and/or the organization if PII were inappropriately accessed, used, or disclosed.

	Low – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
X	Moderate – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.
	High – the loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, or individuals.

11.2 Indicate which factors were used to determine the above PII confidentiality impact levels. (Check all that apply.)

X	Identifiability	Provide explanation: PII/BII does include SSN and financial information that could uniquely and directly identify individuals
	Quantity of PII	Provide explanation:
X	Data Field Sensitivity	Provide explanation: PII/BII does include SSN and financial information for individuals and business
	Context of Use	Provide explanation:
	Obligation to Protect Confidentiality	Provide explanation:
X	Access to and Location of PII	Provide explanation: PII/BII is only accessed through C.Suite by necessary individuals
	Other:	Provide explanation:

Section 12: Analysis

12.1 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required business process changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required business process changes. Explanation:
X	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required business process changes.

12.2 Indicate whether the conduct of this PIA results in any required technology changes.

	Yes, the conduct of this PIA results in required technology changes. Explanation:
X	No, the conduct of this PIA does not result in any required technology changes.