Privacy Threshold Analysis
for the
Eastern Region
NOAA8882

July 16, 2019
U.S. Department of Commerce Privacy Threshold Analysis

NOAA8882 ER LAN/WAN

Unique Project Identifier: 006-000351104 00-48-02-00-02-00

Introduction: This Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) is a questionnaire to assist with determining if a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is necessary for this IT system. This PTA is primarily based from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) privacy guidance and the Department of Commerce (DOC) IT security/privacy policy. If questions arise or further guidance is needed in order to complete this PTA, please contact your Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO).

Description of the information system and its purpose:
National Weather Service’s Eastern Region is a General Support System, comprised by Eastern Region HQ located in Bohemia, NY and 23 additional offices across the region. The primary database servers are located at the Eastern Region HQ, in Bohemia, NY.

NWS Eastern Region (ER) Wide Area Network (WAN)/Local Area Network (LAN) databases consist of basic identifying information about employees and volunteers who are part of the regional workforce. The databases are maintained as a supplement to other employee records for purposes of developing statistical reports and performing other related administrative tasks. In addition, Weather Forecast Office (WFO)/River Forecast Centers (RFC) maintain local databases that contain information on volunteers who provide weather reports to them.

Although there are a variety of hardware and operating systems, all the activities are interconnected. The system provides direct or indirect mission support for the NWS as a Government agency. Mission Support infrastructure encompasses Wide Area Networks (WAN), Local Area Networks (LAN), host computer systems, client-server and web-based server systems. The system supports a variety of users, functions, and applications, including word processing, budget and requisition information, spreadsheets, presentation graphics, database development and management, electronic mail, image processing, electronic commerce, project management, training (see above, no PII involved), research and development, and collaboration.

PII is collected and stored for employees, as well as for weather volunteers (members of the public). The PII/BII in this system is not shared except within the bureau, and in case of a privacy breach, with the Department or other Federal Agencies.

The statutory authority covering the collection of this data is 5 U.S.C 301, Departmental Regulations and 15 USC 1512 - Sec. 1512, Powers and Duties of Department of Commerce.
This is a moderate level system.

The E-Government Act of 2002 defines “information system” by reference to the definition section of Title 44 of the United States Code. The following is a summary of the definition: “Information system” means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information. See: 44. U.S.C. § 3502(8).
Questionnaire:

1. What is the status of this information system?

___ This is a new information system. Continue to answer questions and complete certification.

___ This is an existing information system with changes that create new privacy risks.

Complete chart below, continue to answer questions, and complete certification.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Changes That Create New Privacy Risks (CTCNPR)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Conversions</td>
<td>d. Significant Merging</td>
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<tr>
<td>b. Anonymous to Non-Anonymous</td>
<td>e. New Public Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Significant System Management Changes</td>
<td>f. Commercial Sources</td>
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<tr>
<td>j. Other changes that create new privacy risks (specify):</td>
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___ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is not a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment. Continue to answer questions and complete certification.

___ This is an existing information system in which changes do not create new privacy risks, and there is a SAOP approved Privacy Impact Assessment (version 01-2015 or later). Skip questions and complete certification.

2. Is the IT system or its information used to support any activity which may raise privacy concerns?

NIST Special Publication 800-53 Revision 4, Appendix J, states “Organizations may also engage in activities that do not involve the collection and use of PII, but may nevertheless raise privacy concerns and associated risk. The privacy controls are equally applicable to those activities and can be used to analyze the privacy risk and mitigate such risk when necessary.” Examples include, but are not limited to, audio recordings, video surveillance, building entry readers, and electronic purchase transactions.

___ Yes. Please describe the activities which may raise privacy concerns.

___ No
3. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate business identifiable information (BII)?

As per DOC Privacy Policy: “For the purpose of this policy, business identifiable information consists of (a) information that is defined in the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) as "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person [that is] privileged or confidential." (5 U.S.C.552(b)(4)). This information is exempt from automatic release under the (b)(4) FOIA exemption. "Commercial" is not confined to records that reveal basic commercial operations but includes any records [or information] in which the submitter has a commercial interest” and can include information submitted by a nonprofit entity, or (b) commercial or other information that, although it may not be exempt from release under FOIA, is exempt from disclosure by law (e.g., 13 U.S.C.).”

___ Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates BII about: (Check all that apply.)

___ Companies
___ Other business entities

X No, this IT system does not collect any BII.

4. Personally Identifiable Information

4a. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate personally identifiable information (PII)?

As per OMB 07-16, Footnote 1: “The term ‘personally identifiable information’ refers to information which can be used to distinguish or trace an individual’s identity, such as their name, social security number, biometric records, etc... alone, or when combined with other personal or identifying information which is linked or linkable to a specific individual, such as date and place of birth, mother’s maiden name, etc...”

X Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII about: (Check all that apply.)

X DOC employees
X Contractors working on behalf of DOC
X Members of the public

___ No, this IT system does not collect any PII.

If the answer is “yes” to question 4a, please respond to the following questions.

4b. Does the IT system collect, maintain, or disseminate PII other than user ID?

X Yes, the IT system collects, maintains, or disseminates PII other than user ID.

___ No, the user ID is the only PII collected, maintained, or disseminated by the IT system.
4c. Will the purpose for which the PII is collected, stored, used, processed, disclosed, or disseminated (context of use) cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level?
Examples of context of use include, but are not limited to, law enforcement investigations, administration of benefits, contagious disease treatments, etc.

___ Yes, the context of use will cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.

X No, the context of use will not cause the assignment of a higher PII confidentiality impact level.

If any of the answers to questions 2, 3, 4b, and/or 4c are “Yes,” a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) must be completed for the IT system. This PTA and the approved PIA must be a part of the IT system’s Assessment and Authorization Package.
CERTIFICATION

[ ] I certify the criteria implied by one or more of the questions above apply to the NOAA8882 IT System and as a consequence of this applicability, I will perform and document a PIA for this IT system.

Name of Information System Security Officer (ISSO): Nicholas Rappold

Name of Information Technology Security Officer (ITSO): Andrew Browne

Name of Authorizing Official (AO): Jason P. Tuell

Name of Bureau Chief Privacy Officer (BCPO): Mark Graff